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10/081,437	02/21/2002	Katsumi Oishi	SONYJP 3.0-241	1006
530 7590 04/11/2011 LERNER, DAVID, LITTENBERG.			EXAMINER	
KRUMHOLZ & MENTLIK			CHOWDHURY, SUMAIYA A	
WESTFIELD.	VENUE WEST NJ 07090		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2421	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary

Application No.	Applicant(s)					
10/081,437	OISHI, KATSUMI					
Examiner	Art Unit					
SUMAIYA A. CHOWDHURY	2421					

		SUMAIYA A. CHOWDHURY	2421	
The M. Period for Reply	AILING DATE of this communication app	ears on the cover sheet with the o	orrespondence ad	ldress
A SHORTENI WHICHEVER - Extensions of tirr after SIX (6) MO	ED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA to may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 VTHS from the mailing date of this communication.	TE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin	N. nely filed	
 Failure to reply w Any reply receive 	eply is specified above, the maximum statutory period within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, id by the Office later than three months after the mailing m adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	cause the application to become ABANDONE	D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ommunication.
Status				
2a)⊠ This act 3)□ Since th	sive to communication(s) filed on <u>08 Fe</u> tion is FINAL . 2b) This its application is in condition for allowan n accordance with the practice under <u>E</u>	action is non-final. ce except for formal matters, pro		e merits is
Disposition of C	aims			
4a) Of th 5) ☐ Claim(s 6) ☑ Claim(s 7) ☐ Claim(s	1.16 is/are pending in the application. e above claim(s)			
Application Pape	ers			
10) The draw Applican Replace	cification is objected to by the Examiner wing(s) filed on is/are: a) accet may not request that any objection to the coment drawing sheet(s) including the correction or declaration is objected to by the Examinary	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 Ci	
Priority under 35	U.S.C. § 119			
a)	edgment is made of a claim for foreign) Some col None of: ertified copies of the priority documents ertified copies of the priority documents opies of the certified copies of the priori oplication from the International Bureau	have been received. have been received in Applicative documents have been received.	on No	Stage
	tttached detailed Office action for a list o		ed.	

Attuciment(5)		
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)	
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Date	
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	5) I Notice of informal Patent Application	
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) U Other:	

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

- Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-16 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.
- (a) Applicant argues that the prior art does not disclose the newly amended subject matter.

The Examiner has brought in Kubota (6970564) to disclose the newly amended subject matter.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary sidel in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- Claims 1-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hendricks (5659350) in view of Tsukakoshi (5086426), Okimoto (2002/0051539), Tamer (5619501), Roop (5619274), and Kubota (6970564).

As for claims 1, 5, and 6, Hendricks teaches a transmission device (cable headend 208), comprising:

a receiving unit (satellite receiver dish) operable to receive a digital signal distributed from a prescribed distribution device (operations center 202) – col. 6, lines 3-18, col. 8. lines 58-62:

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a first generating unit operable to set identification information corresponding to a reception device (set top terminals 220) and reception control information for controlling the reception operation of the reception device in an area secured in advance in a format of composite information, thereby generating composite information; and a second generating unit operable to compose a predetermined number of digital signals on the basis of the composite information to generate redistribution digital signals containing the composite information (The cable head receives a multiplexed (composite) digital signal from the operations center. The cable headend prepares the control and programming signals for transmission to each set top terminal 220. The headend sends the control and programming signals to the set top terminals in the geographic area it is located. Based on the address set by the headend, the signal is routed to the corresponding set top terminal in its area. — col. 9, lines 18-28);

a transmitter (transmitter in headend) operable to transmit the redistribution digital signals to the reception device, and wherein the redistribution digital signals are formed on the basis of the received digital signal – col. 9, lines 18-28, col. 10, lines 45-46; and

wherein the packets of the redistribution signal have the same format of the received signal (Hendricks teaches that both the incoming and outgoing stream are MPEG streams, hence both streams have the same format. Col. 6, lines 44-54).

However, Hendricks fails to teach:

The received digital signal is made up of packets, the packets include a predefined area in which data can be written, and the formation of the redistribution

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signals includes writing information identifying the reception device in the predefined area and writing reception control information for the reception device in the predefined area, the writing of information identifying the reception device and the writing of reception control information for the reception device being performed on a frame-by-frame basis:

the redistribution signal is formed based on the packets of the received signal and frame transport packets which are not part of the received signal, the frame transport packets including an area in which data can be written;

the reception control information written in the frame transport packet corresponds to the transport packets associated with the frame transport packets; and the composite information including (i) a version number of the composite information having a value that is incremented each time the composite information is renewed and (ii) a version number of the reception control information having a value

that is incremented each time the reception control information is renewed:

In an analogous art, Tsukakoshi teaches

The received digital signal is made up of packets, the packets include a predefined area in which data can be written, and the formation of the redistribution signals includes writing information (destination address field 13) identifying the reception device in the predefined area (terminal 7C) and writing reception control information (control code field) for the reception device in the predefined area, the writing of information identifying the reception device and the writing of reception control

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information for the reception device being performed on a frame-by-frame basis (col. 6, lines 35-44; Fig. 7A).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify Hendricks's invention to include the above mentioned limitation, as taught by Tsukakoshi, for the advantage of h providing an effective method in which only authorized devices will receive the stream.

However, Hendricks and Tsukakoshi fail to teach:

the redistribution signal is formed based on the packets of the received signal and frame transport packets which are not part of the received signal, the frame transport packets including an area in which data can be written;

the reception control information written in the frame transport packet corresponds to the transport packets associated with the frame transport packets; and

the composite information including (i) a version number of the composite information having a value that is incremented each time the composite information is renewed and (ii) a version number of the reception control information having a value that is incremented each time the reception control information is renewed;

In an analogous art, Okimoto discloses the redistribution signal is formed based on the packets of the received signal and frame transport packets which are not part of the received signal, the frame transport packets including an area in which data can be written (entitlement control message; [0043], [0062], [0072], [0073]; provisional application: 60/263,087; p. 2, line 12-p. 6, line 14-28, p. 7, lines 3-11, p. 9, line 19-p. 10, line 27, p. 11, lines 4-15, p. 11, line 32-p. 12, line 5);

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It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify Hendricks and Tsukakoshi's invention to include the above-mentioned limitation, as taught by Okimoto, for the advantage of ensuring that only authorized receivers receive the updated correct content.

However, Hendricks, Tsukakoshi, and Okimoto fail to disclose:

the composite information including (i) a version number of the composite information having a value that is incremented each time the composite information is renewed and (ii) a version number of the reception control information having a value that is incremented each time the reception control information is renewed;

In an analogous art, Tamer discloses the composite information includes a version number of the reception control information. In particular, Tamer discloses entitlement management messages EMM and the corresponding decryption keys are regularly transmitted. The EMM changes over time necessitating decryption keys to be regularly transmitted for the updated version (col. 4, lines 45-col. 5, line 3).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify Hendricks, Tsukakoshi, and Okimoto's invention to include the abovementioned limitation, as taught by Tamer, for the advantage of allowing the subscriber equipment to determine program material to which the subscriber is entitled.

However, Hendricks, Tsukakoshi, Okimoto, and Tamer fail to disclose:

the composite information including a version number of the composite
information having a value that is incremented each time the composite information is

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renewed and wherein the version number of the reception control information is incremented each time the reception control information is renewed.

In an analogous art, Roop discloses the composite information including (i) a version number of the composite information. In particular, Roop discloses a conditional access system which involves three levels of encryption. Program guides are encrypted with a DES key shared by all authorized units, which is called the program key. The program keys changed periodically are distributed (col. 12, lines 53-61).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify Hendricks, Tsukakoshi, Okimoto, and Tamer's invention to include the abovementioned limitation, as taught by Roop, for the advantage of ensuring that only authorized equipment can decrypt the data.

However, Hendricks, Tsukakoshi, Okimoto, Tamer, and Roop fail to disclose wherein the version number of both the composite information and the reception control information is incremented each time the respective information is renewed.

In an analogous art, Kubota discloses wherein the version number of both the composite information and the reception control information is incremented each time the respective information is renewed (col. 21, lines 57-61, col. 22, lines 53-57).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify Hendricks, Tsukakoshi, Okimoto, Tamer, and Roop's invention to include the abovementioned limitation, as taught by Kubota, such that the decoder at the receiver end references the latest version number currently valid.

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As for claim 2, Hendricks teaches wherein the reception control information is set to control the reception operation for every digital signal for redistribution in the reception device (Each time the headend receives a digital broadcast signal, it distributes it to the plural set top terminals - col. 9, lines 18-28, col. 10, lines 45-46).

As for claims 3 and 9, Hendricks teaches wherein the first generating unit generates the composite information every time a digital signal for redistribution is received by the reception device or so that the composite information is achieved by the reception device when the composite information is renewed (Each time the headend receives a digital broadcast signal with the programming and control information, it generates multiple streams to be distributed to the plural set top terminals—col. 9, lines 18-28, col. 10, lines 45-46).

As for claims 4 and 10, Roop teaches wherein the renewal of the composite information is recognized on the basis of version information of the composite information (col. 12, lines 53-61).

Claim 7 includes the limitations of claim 1 and is analyzed as previously discussed with respect to claim 1. Claim 7 additionally calls for the following:

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a processor (209 – fig. 3) for executing instructions; and instructions, the instructions including the steps to perform the method as recited in claim 1 (col. 9, lines 18-28).

As for claims 8, 12, and 13, Hendricks teaches a reception device, comprising:

a storage unit (set top terminal) operable to store identification information

corresponding to the reception device — col. 9, lines 18-28;

a receiver (set top terminal) operable to receive a redistribution digital signal containing composite information transmitted from a transmission device (headend) – col. 9, lines 18-28, col. 10, lines 45-46;

an achieving unit operable to achieve reception control information corresponding to the identification information stored in the storage unit from an area secured in advance in a format of the composite information – col. 6, lines 3-18, col. 8, lines 58-62, col. 9. lines 18-28:

an extracting unit operable to extract a desired digital signal from the redistribution digital signal by using the composite information—col. 6, lines 3-18, col. 8, lines 58-62, col. 9, lines 18-28; and

a processor operable to process the desired digital signal on the basis of the reception control information - col. 9. lines 18-28.

wherein the packets of the redistribution signal have the same format of the received signal (Hendricks teaches that both the incoming and outgoing stream are MPEG streams, hence both streams have the same format. Col. 6. lines 44-54).

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However, Hendricks fails to teach:

The received digital signal is made up of packets, the packets include a predefined area in which data can be written, and the formation of the redistribution signals includes writing information identifying the reception device in the predefined area and writing reception control information for the reception device in the predefined area, the writing of information identifying the reception device and the writing of reception control information for the reception device being performed on a frame-by-frame basis.

the redistribution signal is formed based on the packets of the received signal and frame transport packets which are not part of the received signal, the frame transport packets including an area in which data can be written;

the reception control information written in the frame transport packet corresponds to the transport packets associated with the frame transport packets.

the composite information including (i) a version number of the composite information having a value that is incremented each time the composite information is renewed and (ii) a version number of the reception control information having a value that is incremented each time the reception control information is renewed:

In an analogous art, Tsukakoshi teaches

The received digital signal is made up of packets, the packets include a predefined area in which data can be written, and the formation of the redistribution signals includes writing information (destination address field 13) identifying the reception device in the predefined area (terminal 7C) and writing reception control

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information (control code field) for the reception device in the predefined area, the writing of information identifying the reception device and the writing of reception control information for the reception device being performed on a frame-by-frame basis (col. 6, lines 35-44; Fig. 7A).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify Hendricks's invention to include the above mentioned limitation, as taught by Tsukakoshi, for the advantage of h providing an effective method in which only authorized devices will receive the stream.

However, Hendricks and Tsukakoshi fail to teach:

the redistribution signal is formed based on the packets of the received signal and frame transport packets which are not part of the received signal, the frame transport packets including an area in which data can be written;

the reception control information written in the frame transport packet corresponds to the transport packets associated with the frame transport packets; and

the composite information including (i) a version number of the composite information having a value that is incremented each time the composite information is renewed and (ii) a version number of the reception control information having a value that is incremented each time the reception control information is renewed;

In an analogous art, Okimoto discloses the redistribution signal is formed based on the packets of the received signal and frame transport packets which are not part of the received signal, the frame transport packets including an area in which data can be written (entitlement control message; [0043], [0062], [0072], [0073]);

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It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify Hendricks and Tsukakoshi's invention to include the above-mentioned limitation, as taught by Okimoto, for the advantage of ensuring that only authorized receivers receive the updated correct content.

However, Hendricks, Tsukakoshi, and Okimoto fail to disclose:

the composite information including (i) a version number of the composite information having a value that is incremented each time the composite information is renewed and (ii) a version number of the reception control information having a value that is incremented each time the reception control information is renewed;

In an analogous art, Tamer discloses the composite information includes a version number of the reception control information. In particular, Tamer discloses entitlement management messages EMM and the corresponding decryption keys are regularly transmitted. The EMM changes over time necessitating decryption keys to be regularly transmitted for the updated version (col. 4, lines 45-col. 5, line 3).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify Hendricks, Tsukakoshi, and Okimoto's invention to include the abovementioned limitation, as taught by Tamer, for the advantage of allowing the subscriber equipment to determine program material to which the subscriber is entitled.

However, Hendricks, Tsukakoshi, Okimoto, and Tamer fail to disclose:

the composite information including a version number of the composite information having a value that is incremented each time the composite information is

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renewed and wherein the version number of the reception control information is incremented each time the reception control information is renewed.

In an analogous art, Roop discloses the composite information including (i) a version number of the composite information. In particular, Roop discloses a conditional access system which involves three levels of encryption. Program guides are encrypted with a DES key shared by all authorized units, which is called the program key. The program keys changed periodically are distributed (col. 12, lines 53-61).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify Hendricks, Tsukakoshi, Okimoto, and Tamer's invention to include the abovementioned limitation, as taught by Roop, for the advantage of ensuring that only authorized equipment can decrypt the data.

However, Hendricks, Tsukakoshi, Okimoto, Tamer, and Roop fail to disclose wherein the version number of both the composite information and the reception control information is incremented each time the respective information is renewed.

In an analogous art, Kubota discloses wherein the version number of both the composite information and the reception control information is incremented each time the respective information is renewed (col. 21, lines 57-61, col. 22, lines 53-57).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of applicant's invention to modify Hendricks, Tsukakoshi, Okimoto, Tamer, and Roop's invention to include the abovementioned limitation, as taught by Kubota, such that the decoder at the receiver end references the latest version number currently valid.

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As for claim 11, Hendricks teaches wherein the achieving unit achieves the reception control information separately from the reception of the redistribution digital signal in the receiver (Hendricks teaches first the control signals are received to generate menu templates – col. 11, lines 5-15. The user selects which program to view from the menu, causing the transmission of the programming to the user – col. 11, lines 33-40).

Claim 14 contains the limitations of claims 7 and 8 and is analyzed as previously discussed with respect to those claims.

As for claims 15 and 16, Tamer teaches wherein the renewal of the composite information is recognized on the basis of version information of the reception control information (col. 4, lines 45-col. 5, line 3).

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within

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TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to SUMAIYA A. CHOWDHURY whose telephone number is (571)272-8567. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri, 9-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, William Trost can be reached on (571) 272-7872. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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/Sumaiya A Chowdhury/ Examiner, Art Unit 2421

/Hunter B. Lonsberry/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2421